

102106T4COH

COMMUNITY HEALTH LEVEL 6

HE/OS/CH/CR/03/6A

Conduct Community Health Diagnosis and Partnerships

Nov/Dec 2024



**TVET CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT, ASSESSMENT AND CERTIFICATION
COUNCIL (TVET CDACC)**

WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

Time: 3 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE

1. Marks for each question are indicated in the brackets.
2. The paper consists of **TWO** sections: **A** and **B**.
3. Candidates are provided with a separate answer booklet
4. **DO NOT** write on this question paper.

**This paper consists of THREE (3) printed pages
Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all
pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**

SECTION A (40 MARKS)

Answer ALL the questions in this section.

1. Advocacy is speaking up for yourself or another person. State FOUR roles of Community Health Promoters (CHPs) in advocacy. (4 Marks)
2. At the end of community diagnosis, a report is prepared. Identify THREE benefits of writing a community health diagnosis report. (3 Marks)
3. Distinguish between open-ended and closed-ended questions used when developing a community diagnosis questionnaire. (4 Marks)
4. When conducting community health diagnosis, there are ethical issues to observe. Highlight THREE ethical considerations in community health diagnosis. (3 Marks)
5. Stakeholders play an important role in development of community action plan. Outline FOUR roles of stakeholders in carrying out community action plan. (4 Marks)
6. Incorporation of different sectors' actions in the championing of the Primary Health Care makes the accessibility of health services to the public available and attainable in a faster manner. State THREE pillars of Primary Health Care. (3 Marks)
7. Community health diagnosis sample frame is drawn from the entire population. Outline FOUR probability sampling methods. (4 Marks)
8. An action plan describes the action or changes that can be made by the community. State FOUR steps in making an action plan. (4 Marks)
9. Evaluation is a systematic way of learning from experience and using the lessons learnt to improve the current activities and promote better planning by careful selection of alternatives for future action. Outline FOUR reasons for evaluation. (4 Marks)
10. Community entry and exploration involves mapping out of a community in order to learn or discover about it before conducting community health diagnosis. State THREE activities involved in the exploration phase. (3 Marks)
11. Before you embark on a community diagnosis survey you need to ensure that you have all the tools and instruments you need for measuring the community's health status. Identify FOUR tools used to measure community health status. (4 Marks)

SECTION B (60 MARKS)

Answer Any THREE Questions in This Section

12. Health data collected during community health diagnosis is analyzed before dissemination to relevant stakeholders.
- a) Explain THREE methods used in data collection for community health diagnosis. (6 Marks)
 - b) Explain THREE reasons for health data analysis. (6 Marks)
 - c) Explain FOUR methods used in the health data analysis. (8 Marks)
13. Community health diagnosis is a process that requires pooled efforts from both the health workers and the community members.
- a) Discuss FOUR benefits of conducting community health diagnosis. (8 Marks)
 - b) Explain SIX types of information you will collect when conducting community health diagnosis. (12 Marks)
14. Community health needs assessment is a process that describes the state of health of local people to enable the identification of major risk factors and causes of ill health for effective health interventions.
- a) Discuss FIVE community health needs you will identify when conducting community health diagnosis. (10 Marks)
 - b) Explain FIVE determinants of community health. (10 Marks)
15. Effective partnership involves the development of terms of references (ToR) that contains the guidelines on how to work together in order to achieve a common goal or conduct an evaluation.
- a) Explain SIX subsections of terms of reference (ToR). (12 Marks)
 - b) Explain the FOUR stages involved in the building of the collaborative partnership. (8 Marks)